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Amendment to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims.

Claims 1-26 (cancelled)

- 27. (new) A method for use with differing electro-mechanical infrastructures, to minimize the effects on the performance of a first RF radiating/receiving element located within one such infrastructure due to its interactions with said such infrastructure, comprising the step of placing a first metallic structure physically closer to said first RF radiating/receiving element than said infrastructure is.
- 28. (new) The method of claim 27, wherein said placed first metallic structure is RF radiating/receiving material and said first RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a first slot antenna.
- 29. (new) The method of claim 28, comprising the additional step of placing a second metallic structure physically closer to a second RF radiating/receiving element than said infrastructure is, wherein said placed second metallic structure is RF radiating/receiving material and said second RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a second slot antenna.
- 30. (new) The method of claim 29, wherein said placing of first and second metallic structures is performed to effect cooperative RF performance of said first and second antennas.
- 31. (new) The method of claim 30, wherein the cooperative performance is achieved by locating said first and second antennas so that the dominant null of the RF

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radiating/receiving element of one antenna is mitigated by the RF radiating/receiving element of the other antenna.

- 32. (new) The method of claim 31, wherein the infrastructure is that of a conventional resource-measuring meter.
- 33. (new) The method of claim 32, wherein the infrastructure is that of a conventional resource-measuring meter.
- 34. (new) The method of claim 27, wherein said placing of first metallic structure includes (a) the supporting of said first metallic structure with a supporter having dielectric properties that do not adversely affect the performance of said first RF radiating/receiving element and (b) the shaping of said supporter to maximize the amount of surface space for supporting said first metallic structure.
- 35. (new) A method of retrofitting a conventional resource-measuring unit having a metallic infrastructure of conventional prongs, brackets, rivets and metallic elements, with RF telemetry functionality, comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing RF functionality with a first RF radiating/receiving element within the infrastructure; and
- (b) placing a first metallic structure physically closer to said first RF radiating/receiving element than the infrastructure is.
- 36. (new) The method of claim 35, wherein said placed first metallic structure is radiating/receiving material and said first RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a first slot antenna.
- 37. (new) The method of claim 36, further comprising the step of:

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- (c) placing a second metallic structure physically closer to said second RF radiating/receiving element than the infrastructure is.
- 38. (new) The method of claim 37, wherein said placed second metallic structure is radiating/receiving material and said second RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a second slot antenna.
- 39. (new) The method of claim 38, wherein said RF functionality activates one or the other of, or both, said first and second slot antennas.
- 40. (new) An RF telemetry unit for use with differing electro-mechanical infrastructures, comprising:
- (a) a first RF radiating/receiving element locatable within one such infrastructure; and
- (b) a first metallic structure placed physically closer to said first RF radiating/receiving element than any such infrastructure is.
- 41. (new) The unit of claim 40, wherein said first metallic structure is RF radiating/receiving material and said first RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a first slot antenna.
- 42. (new) The unit of claim 41, further comprising:
- (d) a second RF radiating/receiving element;
- (e) a second metallic structure placed physically closer to said second RF radiating/receiving element than such infrastructure is, wherein, wherein placed second metallic structure is RF radiating/receiving material and said second RF radiating/receiving element is a slot formed from said material, thereby forming a second

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slot antenna.

- 43. (new) The unit of claim 42, wherein said first and second metallic structures are located to effect cooperative RF performance of said first and second antennas.
- 44. (new) The unit of claim 43, wherein the cooperative performance is achieved by locating said first and second antennas so that the dominant null of the radiating/receiving element of one antenna is mitigated by the radiating/receiving element of the other antenna.
- 45. (new) The unit of claim 40, wherein such infrastructure is that of a conventional resource-measuring meter.
- 46. (new) The unit of claim 45, wherein the meter has a cover and said first antenna is located under said cover.
- 47. (new) The unit of claim 40, wherein the first metallic structure includes a supporter therefor, having dielectric properties that do not adversely affect the performance of the radiating/receiving element, and the supporter is shaped to maximize the amount of surface space available for supporting said first metallic structure.